

SECTION 1: IDENTIFICATION

1.1. PRODUCT IDENTIFIER

Product name : SKL-WP2 Aerosol

Product code : Not available

1.2. RELEVANT IDENTIFIED USES OF THE SUBSTANCE OR MIXTURE AND USES ADVISED AGAINST

Use of the substance/mixture : Non-Destructive Testing

1.3. DETAILS OF THE SUPPLIER OF THE SAFETY DATA SHEET

Manufacturer

Magnaflux
155 Harlem Ave.
Glenview, IL 60025 - USA
T: 847-657-5300

Distributor

1.4. EMERGENCY TELEPHONE NUMBER

Emergency number : CHEMTREC 800-424-9300

SECTION 2: HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

2.1. CLASSIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE OR MIXTURE

GHS classification

Flam. Aerosol 2

Liquefied gas

Skin Irrit. 2

Eye Dam. 1

Asp. Tox. 1

Simple Asphy

2.2. LABEL ELEMENTS

GHS labelling

Hazard pictograms (GHS)



GHS02

GHS04

GHS05

GHS08

Signal word (GHS)

: Danger

Hazard statements (GHS)

: Flammable aerosol. Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated. Causes skin irritation. Causes serious eye damage. May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. May displace oxygen and cause rapid suffocation.

Precautionary statements (GHS)

: Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. - No smoking. Do not spray on an open flame or other ignition source. Pressurized container: Do not pierce or burn, even after use. Wash hands thoroughly after handling. Wear protective gloves/eye protection/face protection. If on skin: Wash with plenty of water. Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse. If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention. If in eyes: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Immediately call a poison center/doctor. If swallowed: Immediately call a poison center/doctor. Do NOT induce vomiting. Protect from sunlight. Do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50 °C/122 °F. Store in a well-ventilated place. Store locked up. Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations.

2.3. OTHER HAZARDS

No additional information available.

2.4. UNKNOWN ACUTE TOXICITY (GHS)

Not applicable.

SECTION 3: COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

3.1. SUBSTANCE

Not applicable.

3.2. MIXTURE

Name	Product identifier	%
Petroleum distillates, hydrotreated light	(CAS No) 64742-47-8	15-40
Petroleum gases, hydrocarbons, C3-4 rich	(CAS No) 68512-91-4	15-40
Alcohols, C12-15-branched and linear, ethoxylated propoxylated	(CAS No) 120313-48-6	7-13
Alcohols, C12-14-secondary, ethoxylated	(CAS No) 84133-50-6	5-10
Soybean oil	(CAS No) 8001-22-7	1-5
9-Octadecenamide, N-(2-hydroxypropyl)-, (Z)-	(CAS No) 111-05-7	1-5
Solvent naphtha, petroleum, heavy aromatic	(CAS No) 64742-94-5	0.5-1.5
.alpha.-Terpineol	(CAS No) 98-55-5	0.5-1.5

*Chemical name, CAS number and/or exact concentration have been withheld as a trade secret

SECTION 4: FIRST AID MEASURES

4.1. DESCRIPTION OF FIRST AID MEASURES

- First-aid measures after inhalation : If inhaled, remove to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Get medical advice/attention if you feel unwell.
- First-aid measures after skin contact : In case of contact, immediately flush skin with plenty of water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash clothing before reuse. Call a physician if irritation develops and persists.
- First-aid measures after eye contact : In case of contact, immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. If easy to do, remove contact lenses, if worn. Get medical attention immediately.
- First-aid measures after ingestion : IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician. Do NOT induce vomiting.

4.2. MOST IMPORTANT SYMPTOMS AND EFFECTS, BOTH ACUTE AND DELAYED

- Symptoms/injuries after inhalation : May cause respiratory tract irritation. May displace oxygen and cause rapid suffocation. May cause cardiac arrhythmia.
- Symptoms/injuries after skin contact : Causes skin irritation. Symptoms may include redness, edema, drying, defatting and cracking of the skin.
- Symptoms/injuries after eye contact : Causes serious eye damage. Symptoms may include discomfort or pain, excess blinking and tear production, with marked redness and swelling of the conjunctiva. May cause burns.
- Symptoms/injuries after ingestion : May be harmful if swallowed. May cause stomach distress, nausea or vomiting. May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. This product may be aspirated into the lungs and cause chemical pneumonitis.

4.3. INDICATION OF ANY IMMEDIATE MEDICAL ATTENTION AND SPECIAL TREATMENT NEEDED

Symptoms may not appear immediately. In case of accident or if you feel unwell, seek medical advice immediately (show the label or SDS where possible).

SECTION 5: FIREFIGHTING MEASURES

5.1. EXTINGUISHING MEDIA

- Suitable extinguishing media : Water fog. Water spray. Foam. Carbon dioxide. Dry chemical.
- Unsuitable extinguishing media : Do not use water jet.

5.2. SPECIAL HAZARDS ARISING FROM THE SUBSTANCE OR MIXTURE

- Fire hazard : Flammable aerosol. Products of combustion may include, and are not limited to: oxides of carbon, oxides of nitrogen, oxides of sulfur and acrolein.
- Explosion hazard : Heat may build pressure, rupturing closed containers, spreading fire and increasing risk of burns and injuries.

5.3. ADVICE FOR FIREFIGHTERS

- Firefighting instructions : DO NOT fight fire when fire reaches explosives. Evacuate area.
- Protection during firefighting : Keep upwind of fire. Wear full fire fighting turn-out gear (full Bunker gear) and respiratory protection (SCBA). Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.

SECTION 6: ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

6.1. PERSONAL PRECAUTIONS, PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT AND EMERGENCY PROCEDURES

General measures : Remove ignition sources. Use special care to avoid static electric charges. Use personal protection recommended in Section 8. Isolate the hazard area and deny entry to unnecessary and unprotected personnel.

6.2. METHODS AND MATERIAL FOR CONTAINMENT AND CLEANING UP

For containment : Stop leak, if possible without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use only non-sparking tools. Use explosion-proof equipment. Contain and/or absorb spill with inert material (e.g. sand, vermiculite), then place in a suitable container. Do not flush to sewer or allow to enter waterways. Use appropriate Personal Protective Equipment (PPE).

Methods for cleaning up : Scoop up material and place in a disposal container. Provide ventilation.

6.3. REFERENCE TO OTHER SECTIONS

See section 8 for further information on protective clothing and equipment and section 13 for advice on waste disposal.

SECTION 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE

7.1. PRECAUTIONS FOR SAFE HANDLING

Additional hazards when processed : Keep away from sources of ignition - No smoking. Hazardous waste due to potential risk of explosion. Pressurized container: Do not pierce or burn, even after use.

Precautions for safe handling : Do not spray on an open flame or other ignition source. Use non-sparking tools. Use explosion-proof equipment. Take precautionary measures against static discharge. Avoid breathing dust/fume/gas/mist/vapors/spray. Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. Do not swallow. Handle and open container with care. When using do not eat, drink or smoke.

Hygiene measures : Launder contaminated clothing before reuse. Wash hands before eating, drinking, or smoking.

7.2. CONDITIONS FOR SAFE STORAGE, INCLUDING ANY INCOMPATIBILITIES

Technical measures : Proper grounding procedures to avoid static electricity should be followed.

Storage conditions : Keep locked up and out of reach of children. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatibles. Do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50 °C/ 122 °F. Keep in fireproof place.

7.3. SPECIFIC END USE(S)

Not available.

SECTION 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

8.1. CONTROL PARAMETERS

Petroleum distillates, hydrotreated light (64742-47-8)		
ACGIH	ACGIH RCP-TWA (mg/m³)	1200 mg/m³ (143 ppm) (total hydrocarbons; supplier exposure limits)
OSHA	Not applicable	
Petroleum gases, hydrocarbons, C3-4 rich (68512-91-4)		
ACGIH	ACGIH STEL (ppm)	1000 ppm
OSHA	OSHA PEL (TWA) (ppm)	1000 ppm
Alcohols, C12-15-branched and linear, ethoxylated propoxylated (120313-48-6)		
ACGIH	Not applicable	
OSHA	Not applicable	
Alcohols, C12-14-secondary, ethoxylated (84133-50-6)		
ACGIH	Not applicable	
OSHA	Not applicable	
Soybean oil (8001-22-7)		
ACGIH	ACGIH TLV (mg/m³)	10 mg/m³
OSHA	OSHA PEL (TWA) (mg/m³)	5 mg/m³ (mist / respirable fraction) 15 mg/m³ (mist / total)

Prepared according to the Hazard Communication Standard (CFR29 1910.1200) HazCom 2012 and the Hazardous Products Regulations (HPR) WHMIS 2015

9-Octadecenamide, N-(2-hydroxypropyl)-, (Z)- (111-05-7)	
ACGIH	Not applicable
OSHA	Not applicable
Solvent naphtha, petroleum, heavy aromatic (64742-94-5)	
ACGIH	Not applicable
OSHA	Not applicable
.alpha.-Terpineol (98-55-5)	
ACGIH	Not applicable
OSHA	Not applicable

8.2. EXPOSURE CONTROLS

Appropriate engineering controls	: Use ventilation adequate to keep exposures (airborne levels of dust, fume, vapor, etc.) below recommended exposure limits.
Hand protection	: Wear chemically resistant protective gloves.
Eye protection	: Wear approved eye protection (properly fitted dust- or splash-proof chemical safety goggles) and face protection (face shield).
Skin and body protection	: Wear suitable protective clothing.
Respiratory protection	: In case of insufficient ventilation, wear suitable respiratory equipment. Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator.
Environmental exposure controls	: Maintain levels below Community environmental protection thresholds.
Other information	: Do not eat, smoke or drink where material is handled, processed or stored. Wash hands carefully before eating or smoking. Handle according to established industrial hygiene and safety practices.

SECTION 9: PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

9.1. INFORMATION ON BASIC PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Physical state	: Gas/Pressurized Liquid
Appearance	: Oily
Colour	: Red / Violet
Odour	: Mild
Odour threshold	: No data available
pH	: Neutral
Melting point	: No data available
Freezing point	: No data available
Boiling point	: No data available
Flash point	: Not applicable
Relative evaporation rate (butylacetate=1)	: No data available
Flammability (solid, gas)	: Flammable
Explosive limits	: No data available
Explosive properties	: Pressurised container: May burst if heated.
Oxidising properties	: No data available
Vapour pressure	: No data available
Relative density	: No data available
Relative vapour density at 20 °C	: No data available
Solubility	: No data available
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water	: No data available
Auto-ignition temperature	: No data available
Decomposition temperature	: No data available
Viscosity	: No data available
Viscosity, kinematic	: No data available
Viscosity, dynamic	: No data available

9.2. OTHER INFORMATION

VOC content : 559.04 g/l
Heat of combustion : 15,122 Btu/lb

SECTION 10: STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

10.1. REACTIVITY

No dangerous reaction known under conditions of normal use.

10.2. CHEMICAL STABILITY

Flammable aerosol. Contents under pressure. Container may explode if heated. Do not puncture. Do not burn. Extreme risk of explosion by shock, friction, fire or other sources of ignition.

10.3. POSSIBILITY OF HAZARDOUS REACTIONS

No dangerous reaction known under conditions of normal use.

10.4. CONDITIONS TO AVOID

Sources of ignition. Heat. Incompatible materials.

10.5. INCOMPATIBLE MATERIALS

Strong oxidizers. Strong acids. Strong bases. Alkalis. Caustics. Halogens.

10.6. HAZARDOUS DECOMPOSITION PRODUCTS

May include, and are not limited to: oxides of carbon, oxides of nitrogen, oxides of sulfur and acrolein.

SECTION 11: TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

11.1. INFORMATION ON TOXICOLOGICAL EFFECTS

Acute toxicity : Not classified.

SKL-WP2 Aerosol	
LD50 oral rat	> 2000 mg/kg
LD50 dermal rabbit	> 2000 mg/kg
LC50 inhalation rat	> 5 mg/l/4h
Petroleum distillates, hydrotreated light (64742-47-8)	
LD50 oral rat	> 5000 mg/kg
LD50 dermal rabbit	> 5000 mg/kg
LC50 inhalation rat	> 5000 mg/m ³ /4h
Alcohols, C12-15-branched and linear, ethoxylated propoxylated (120313-48-6)	
LD50 oral rat	> 2000 mg/kg
LD50 dermal rat	Not determined
Alcohols, C12-14-secondary, ethoxylated (84133-50-6)	
LD50 oral rat	2100 mg/kg
Solvent naphtha, petroleum, heavy aromatic (64742-94-5)	
LD50 oral rat	> 5000 mg/kg
LD50 dermal rabbit	> 2000 mg/kg
LC50 inhalation rat	> 4778 mg/l/4h
.alpha.-Terpineol (98-55-5)	
LD50 oral rat	4300 mg/kg
LD50 dermal rabbit	> 3000 mg/kg

Skin corrosion/irritation : Causes skin irritation.
Serious eye damage/irritation : Causes serious eye damage.
Respiratory or skin sensitisation : Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.
Germ cell mutagenicity : Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.
Carcinogenicity : Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.
Reproductive toxicity : Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.
Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure) : Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.
Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure) : Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Prepared according to the Hazard Communication Standard (CFR29 1910.1200) HazCom 2012 and the Hazardous Products Regulations (HPR) WHMIS 2015

Aspiration hazard	: May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.
Symptoms/injuries after inhalation	: May cause respiratory tract irritation. May displace oxygen and cause rapid suffocation. May cause cardiac arrhythmia.
Symptoms/injuries after skin contact	: Causes skin irritation. Symptoms may include redness, edema, drying, defatting and cracking of the skin.
Symptoms/injuries after eye contact	: Causes serious eye damage. Symptoms may include discomfort or pain, excess blinking and tear production, with marked redness and swelling of the conjunctiva. May cause burns.
Symptoms/injuries after ingestion	: May be harmful if swallowed. May cause stomach distress, nausea or vomiting. May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. This product may be aspirated into the lungs and cause chemical pneumonitis.

SECTION 12: ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

12.1. TOXICITY

Ecology - general : May cause long-term adverse effects in the aquatic environment.

12.2. PERSISTENCE AND DEGRADABILITY

SKL-WP2 Aerosol	
Persistence and degradability	Not established.

12.3. BIOACCUMULATIVE POTENTIAL

SKL-WP2 Aerosol	
Bioaccumulative potential	Not established.

12.4. MOBILITY IN SOIL

No additional information available

12.5. OTHER ADVERSE EFFECTS

Effect on the global warming : No known ecological damage caused by this product.

SECTION 13: DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

13.1. WASTE TREATMENT METHODS

Waste disposal recommendations	: This material must be disposed of in accordance with all local, state, provincial, and federal regulations. The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible.
Additional information	: Pressurized container: Do not pierce or burn, even after use. Flammable vapours may accumulate in the container.

SECTION 14: TRANSPORT INFORMATION

In accordance with DOT/TDG/IATA/IMDG

DOT Ground	: Consumables, Limited Quantity
TDG	: Consumables, Limited Quantity
IATA	: UN 1950, Aerosols, Flammable, 2.1
IMDG	: UN 1950, Aerosols, 2.1 (Limited Quantity)

ADDITIONAL INFORMATION

Other information	: No supplementary information available.
Special transport precautions	: Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.

SECTION 15: REGULATORY INFORMATION

15.1. FEDERAL REGULATIONS

All components of this product are listed, or excluded from listing, on the United States Environmental Protection Agency Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) inventory.

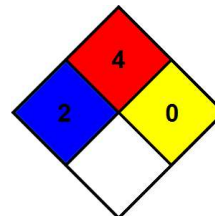
All components of this product are listed, or excluded from listing, on the Canadian DSL (Domestic Substances List) and NDSL (Non-Domestic Substances List) inventories.

Prepared according to the Hazard Communication Standard (CFR29 1910.1200) HazCom 2012 and the Hazardous Products Regulations (HPR) WHMIS 2015

Soybean oil (8001-22-7)

EPA TSCA Regulatory Flag	Y2 - Y2 - indicates an exempt polymer that is a polyester and is made only from reactants included in a specified list of low concern reactants that comprises one of the eligibility criteria for the exemption rule
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NFPA health hazard : 2
NFPA fire hazard : 4
NFPA reactivity : 0



15.2. US STATE REGULATIONS

SKL-WP2 Aerosol

State or local regulations	This product contains chemicals known to the State of California to cause cancer, birth defects or other reproductive harm.
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SECTION 16: OTHER INFORMATION

Date of issue : 03/11/2016
Revision date : 03/12/2021
Other information : None.

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